1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		ENDORSED FILED ALAMEDA COUNTY NOV. 1 8 2010 CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT By Deputy ORNIA, COUNTY OF ALAMEDA JURISDICTION				
10	·	RG10547255				
11	CAROL HARGETT, individually, and as)	Case No.				
12	Special Administrator of the Estate of) Michelle Hargett-Beebee, deceased, and) JOSEPH HARGETT.	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES (violation of Welfare & Institutions				
13 14	Plaintiffs)	Code §15600 et seq.; Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress; Negligent Infliction of Emotional				
15	y. }	Distress)				
16 17 18	VITAS HEALTHCARE CORPORATION, CHEMED, a Corporation, JEFFREY A. MANDEL, M.D., BINDU CHOPRA, M.D., SUSAN LONDERVILLE, M.D., MARIETTA ABALOS-GALITO, M.D. and DOES 1	· •				
19	through 100, Inclusive,	BY FAX				
20	Defendants.)	2.				
21)					
22	COMES NOW PLAINTIFFS Carol Hargett, individually, and as Special Administrator					
23	of the Estate of Michelle-Hargett-Beebee, deceased, and Joseph Hargett, and complain of					
24	defendants and for causes of action allege:					
25	<i>III</i>					
26	<i>///</i> .					
27	·					
28		1 .				
	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES (violation of Welfare & Institutions Code §15600 et seq.; Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress; Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress)					

First Cause of Action for Violation of Welfare & Institutions Code §15600 et seq for Reckless Neglect of a Dependant Adult Brought by Plaintiff Carol Hargett as Special Administrator of the Estate of Michelle Hargett-Beebee Against All Defendants

- 1. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of defendants named herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to plaintiffs at this time, and plaintiffs therefore sue said defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs will seek leave to amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that each of the defendants designated herein as a DOE is responsible in some manner or is otherwise legally liable to plaintiffs for the events and occurrences herein alleged.
- 2. At all times herein mentioned and in doing the things herein alleged, each of the defendants, including those sued by fictitious names, acted as the agents, servants, employees, and/or representatives of each of their co-defendants, acted within the course and scope of said agency, employment, and/or representation, and acted with the knowledge, consent, approval, and/or ratification of their co-defendants.
- 3. On or about November 12, 2010 by order of the Superior Court of the County of Santa Clara, Carol Hargett was appointed Special Administrator of the Estate of Michelle Hargett-Beebee. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of said Order and Letters of Special Administration.
- 4. At all times herein mentioned, some of the named defendants resided in the City of Berkeley, County of Alameda, State of California.
- 5. At all times herein mentioned, defendant Vitas Healthcare Corporation was a corporation doing business in the State of California and in the business of providing hospice services for the terminally ill on a for-profit basis.
- 6. At all times herein mentioned, Chemed Corporation was a corporation doing business in the State of California through its two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Roto-Rooter and defendant Vitas Healthcare Corporation.

- 7. At all times herein mentioned, Michelle Hargett-Beebee, deceased, was a dependant adult within the meaning of California Welfare & Institutions Code §15600 et seq.
- 8. At all times mentioned herein, defendants Jeffrey A. Mandel, M.D., Bindu Chopra, M.D., Susan Londerville, M.D., and Marietta Abalos-Galito, M.D. and Does 1 through 10 were physicians licensed to practice in the State of California and were affiliated with defendant Vitas Hospice Services, LLC. Said defendants also were care custodians of Michelle Hargett-Beebee at all times mentioned herein in that they undertook to act as her treating physicians.
- 9. On or about and prior to November 18, 2009, Michelle Hargett-Beebee was age 43 and the mother of three children. She was diagnosed as suffering from terminal pancreatic cancer and was certified as having less than six months to live.
- 10. On or about November 18, 2009, defendant Chemed, a corporation, by and through its wholly owned subsidiary, defendant Vitas Healthcare Corporation, and Does 11 through 50, undertook, as care custodians of Michelle Hargett-Beebee, to provide hospice services to Michelle Hargett-Beebee in her home.
- 11. Plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett are the parents of Michelle Hargett-Beebee and undertook to care for their daughter at her home during her terminal illness, including the period on and after November 18, 2009.
- 12. In exchange for payment for services, defendants Chemed Corporation, its wholly owned subsidiary, defendant Vitas Healthcare Corporation, and Does 11 through 50, were under a duty to provide hospice services to Michelle Hargett-Beebee in accordance with the then prevailing standard for hospice care. Principal among those duties was to advise Michelle Hargett-Beebee of all available and accepted options for pain and symptom management, treatment, and relief, and after presenting to the patient and her caregivers all of said available options, to provide pain and symptom management, treatment and relief in accordance with the decision of the patient or her authorized representatives as to which option or options were to be delivered.

- 13. Defendant Jeffrey A. Mandel, M.D., Bindu Chopra, M.D., Susan Londerville, M.D., Marietta Abalos-Galito, M.D. and Does 1 through 10, inclusive, were physicians who, on or about November 18, 2009, undertook to care for Michelle Hargett-Beebee during her terminal illness from pancreatic cancer. Said physicians were recommended by defendant Vitas Healthcare Corporation and were represented by Vitas as being skilled in the care of the terminally ill, including, but not limited to, the provision of pain and symptom management, treatment and alleviation of pain, inter alia, through the use and prescription of certain medications.
- 14. At all times herein mentioned, defendants Jeffrey A. Mandel, M.D., Bindu Chopra, M.D., Susan Londerville, M.D., Marietta Abalos-Galito, M.D. and Does 1 through 100, inclusive, were under a duty to ensure that their patient, Michelle Hargett-Beebee and her authorized representatives were presented with complete information as to all accepted and recognized treatments for the alleviation of pain and other distressing symptoms associated with terminal cancer and to ensure that the chosen options were provided by her health care providers. Said physicians were under a duty to carry out the wishes of their patient and her authorized representatives with regard to the management of their patient's pain. This duty is grounded in the doctrine of informed consent and is reinforced by the statutory enactment of the Right To Know End of Life Options Act, California Health and Safety Code §442.5.
- 15. At all times mentioned herein, defendants, and each of them knew, or were under an obligation to know, that pancreatic cancer is a particularly painful form of cancer which in most cases causes progressively worse pain and other distressing symptoms over time and which requires careful, attentive and personalized pain management responsive to the specific experience and symptoms of each patient.
- 16. In expressing her attitude toward dying to defendants, Michelle Hargett-Beebee expressed acceptance of her terminal diagnosis, but stated specifically that she feared dying in ///

pain. Her parents Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett promised her that they would see that she did not die in pain, but would be able to die in peace and with dignity.

- 17. At all times herein mentioned, defendants, and each of them, had a duty to advise, counsel, assess, diagnose, treat and prescribe for Michelle Hargett-Beebee so as to provide her with effective continuous, around-the-clock relief of pain. If all proper and appropriate care with regard to pain management did not produce relief of pain acceptable to the patient and her authorized representatives, defendants were then under a duty to inform Michelle Hargett-Beebee and her authorized representatives of the option of palliative sedation as a valid choice for relief of pain and other distressing symptoms.
- 18. At all times herein mentioned defendants Chemed Corporation and Vitas Healthcare Corporation, as the provider of hospice services to more patients in the United States than any other entity, were under a duty to their patients and their patients' families to provide caregivers who were properly trained with regard to pain and symptom management for the terminally ill. Specifically, said defendants were under a duty to assure that all caregivers were trained in the various available options as to pain and symptom management, were trained as to the degree of pain relief that could be expected and could be achieved consistent with the patient's wishes, were trained in how to respond to questions and inquiries from patients and their families as to what additional options for pain and symptoms management were available, were trained in advocating with patients' physicians for additional pain management interventions if, upon assessment, achievable goals for pain relief were not achieved, and were trained in proper assessment of the effectiveness of the pain management being provided to patients. Further, defendants Vitas and Chemed had a duty to provide their patients, including Michelle Hargett-Beebee, with caregivers possessing the professional and licensing qualifications to provide care at the level required by their patients.
- 19. Michelle Hargett-Beebee was under the care of defendants from November 18, 2009 through time of her death on December 7, 2009. During said time, defendants

consistently and repeatedly failed to provide the medical and hospice services required by Michelle Hargett-Beebee and breached the duties set forth in the preceding paragraph. In particular, said defendant denied her information about treatment options that would have relieved her suffering and failed to provide adequate pain and symptom relief. On all but a few occasions during the 20 days she was under the care of defendants, Michelle Hargett-Beebee was assessed as experiencing pain levels demonstrating that her pain was not under control. On those occasions pain levels were elicited on multiple occasions as being of an intensity of 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 on the 1 to 10 pain scale with "10" being the worst pain imaginable. In addition, it was necessary for Michelle to resort to taking many doses of breakthrough medication, which should have alerted Vitas/Chemed employees that consistent around-the-clock pain control was not being achieved and that Michelle Hargett-Beebee was experiencing repeated episodes of intense and severe pain.

- 20. At the times mentioned herein, due to uniformly inadequate training and qualifications of employees at Vitas and Chemed, and due to the failure to confirm the competency of Vitas/Chemed employees to assess and report to physicians regarding the adequacy of pain management measures in place, the required notification of pain out of control was not made to physicians with the frequency and intensity required by the level of Michelle Hargett-Beebee's pain and by prevailing standards of pain management and comfort care. Vitas employees repeatedly noted that the pain management was only partially successful, but such an assessment did not result in physicians being notified each time such an assessment was made.
- 21. The lack of training and expertise of Vitas employees on to up-to-date and then current principles of pain and symptom management resulted in the failure to deliver necessary information regarding end of life care options to Michelle Hargett-Beebee and her parents and resulted in incomplete and inaccurate information being transmitted to them when they inquired as to whether additional measures were available to control Michelle Hargett-Beebee's pain

and symptoms. Such training deficits and deficits in knowledge and expertise resulted in the patient and her parents not being informed about options that medication could be significantly increased in dosage and frequency of administration, that different and additional pain medications could be added if necessary, and that palliative sedation was an option if the patient's pain and/or other distressing symptoms could not be controlled by other means. Michelle Hargett-Beebee and her parents repeatedly asked for information and advice from defendants about available options to alleviate Michelle's pain and suffering. On at least one occasion when Michelle Hargett-Beebee was in continuous severe pain and actively dying, her father inquired of an employee of Vitas/Chemed if there was not more that could be done or whether his daughter could be put to sleep for relief. The employees responded that all that could be done for Michelle Hargett-Beebee was being done. Said response was erroneous in that at that time the pain management order for Michelle Hargett-Beebee consisted of an inadequate dose of methadone every eight hours with a prescription for roxanol for breakthrough pain. In fact, multiple additional options for pain and symptom management were well accepted by the medical community at that time, but due to either a lack of training and knowledge on the part of the Vitas/Chemed employees or a decision by Vitas/Chemed not to disclose known options, they were not mentioned to the patient or her family.

22. Defendants Vitas Healthcare Corporation, Chemed and Does 1 through 10, inclusive, knew that if they did not provide well-trained, competent and knowledgeable employees for the care of their terminally-ill patients that the probable outcome would be unnecessary pain, suffering, anxiety and anguish to many of their patients, including Michelle Hargett-Beebee because, inter alia, those patients would not receive pain management treatment in accordance with then prevailing standards. In fact, as a legal result of the reckless indifference and neglect of defendants Vitas/Chemed and Does 1 through 10, Michelle Hargett-Beebee suffered severe, unbearable and unnecessary pain and other distressing symptoms throughout the period during which she was under said defendants' care, while in the active

27

28

25

process of dying and up to and including the moment of her death.

- 23. The failure to consistently and adequately control Michelle Hargett-Beebee's pain and symptoms from terminal cancer was substantially caused by the reckless indifference of the defendant physicians. When said physicians accepted the responsibility to care for Michelle Hargett-Beebee, they undertook the responsibility to be possessed of the knowledge of then prevailing principles of palliative medicine and took responsibility for assuring that all options for comfort care and pain control necessary to permit a dignified death were disclosed to and made available to their patient. Said physicians were required to develop an individualized treatment plan based upon the particular features of the patient's condition, including, but not limited to, her diagnosis, the type of her cancer, the probable future course of her pain, her response to pain control medications then in place, and her particular wishes with respect to pain and symptom management after receiving necessary information on the options available. They had the further duty to consistently assess her pain, evaluate her response to pain medication orders then in place and to adjust and increase pain medication as often as necessary to achieve consistent around-the-clock relief of pain in accordance with their patients' desires and wishes.
- 24. At all times herein mentioned, defendants Jeffrey A. Mandel, M.D., Bindu Chopra, M.D., Susan Londerville, M.D., Marietta Abalos-Galito, M.D. and Does 11 through 50, inclusive, consistently failed to carry out the duties described in the preceding paragraph and did not provide adequate information nor deliver comfort care and pain management treatment with the attention and intensity required by the condition of their patient, Michelle Hargett-Beebee. The pain medication prescribed was insufficient to bring Michelle Hargett-Beebee's pain under control and keep it controlled, was adjusted at insufficient intervals and was increased in increments which were unjustifiably meager. Said defendants consistently failed to aggressively issue orders for the treatment of Michelle Hargett-Beebee's pain, failed to respond with appropriate orders to reports that Michelle Hargett-Beebee's pain was not being

consistently controlled, and failed to gather the necessary information about their patient so that prescription and adjustment of pain medication might be ordered in an appropriate and timely manner.

- 25. Defendants Vitas/Chemed and Does 1 through 10, inclusive, recklessly failed to assure that physicians recommended to Vitas' patients by Vitas for care and treatment during their terminal illness under Vitas/Chemed's hospice care were possessed of the skill, knowledge, and competence required of physicians responsible for making palliative care and pain management treatment plans and orders. In recommending defendants Jeffrey A. Mandel, M.D., Bindu Chopra, M.D., Susan Londerville, M.D. and Marietta Abalos-Galito, M.D. to Michelle Hargett-Beebee and her family to act as Michelle Hargett-Beebee's treating physicians during her terminal illness, Vitas/Chemed acted with reckless indifference in that they knew or should have known that such physicians would probably not deliver necessary care to Michelle Hargett-Beebee with the attention, intensity and quality her condition required.
- 26. In deciding to engage in the business of providing hospice services, comfort care, pain management services and palliative care services for profit, defendants and each of them, knowingly accepted a profound responsibility, that of caring for patients and interacting with patients' families as the patient approached death. They knew that the dying process often involves pain and other distressing symptoms, that pain symptom management is often the most important component of comfort care and that a death marred by uncontrolled pain and suffering causes severe existential suffering for both patients and their families. Knowing these facts, defendants, and each of them, consistently failed to provide palliative care, pain management and hospice services of a type required by the well-known and accepted standards and principles of such care.
- 27. As a legal result of the reckless neglect and reckless indifference to the comfort and welfare of Michelle Hargett-Beebee, Michelle Hargett-Beebee suffered severely in the last 20 days of her life, as more fully described in paragraph 19. More particularly, as it was apparent

that Michelle Hargett-Beebee was in the last stage of dying, she suffered excruciating pain and other distressing symptoms as evidenced by restlessness, loud moaning, and facial grimacing. Only when Michelle Hargett-Beebee died in the early morning hours of December 7, 2010 did her awareness of her pain and suffering cease. Such a death marked by unrelieved pain and suffering was avoidable and unnecessary and was caused by the reckless neglect and reckless indifference of defendants, and each them.

- 28. The conduct of defendants, and each of them, constitutes reckless neglect of a dependent adult within the meaning of Welfare & Institutions Code §15600 et seq. Plaintiff Carol Hargett, as Special Administrator of the Estate of Michelle Hargett-Beebee and as her Successor in Interest, is entitled to the recovery of enhanced remedies under said statute, including, but not limited to, general damages compensating for the pain, suffering, anguish, fear and anxiety suffered by Michelle Hargett-Beebee as a legal result of such reckless neglect. Said plaintiff is further entitled to recovery of her attorneys fees and costs as an element of said enhanced remedies.
- 29. The aforementioned conduct and omissions of defendants amounts to reckless indifference to the suffering of a person under their care when it was in their power to alleviate such suffering and is the legal and moral equivalent of denying proper pain medication and information about alternative pain treatment options to a dying patient known to be in need of them. Such conduct constitutes fraud, malice and oppression and justifies the imposition of punitive damages.

Wherefore, plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants, and each of them, as hereinbelow set forth.

Second Cause of Action Brought by Plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett Against All Defendants for Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

As And For A Further, Separate and Distinct Count, plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett complain of defendants, and each of them, and for cause of action allege:

- 30. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate the allegations of the First Cause of Action and make them part of this, the Second Cause of Action, as though fully set out herein.
- 31. At all times herein mentioned, defendants, and each of them, knew that plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett were spending substantial time every day caring for and comforting their daughter as she approached death. Said defendants knew that plaintiffs were relying on them to prevent unnecessary suffering for their daughter so that she might die as peacefully and comfortably as possible. Defendants, and each of them, sought information, directly and indirectly from plaintiffs as to the condition of their daughter and gave plaintiffs instructions as to signs and symptoms to observe, how and when to administer pain medication, and how to otherwise care for their daughter.
- 32. Knowing the reliance plaintiffs placed in them and knowing that plaintiffs would themselves suffer severe emotional distress if they were to be unable to bring comfort to their daughter and instead witness her dying in pain, defendants, nevertheless, engaged in the pattern of neglect described elsewhere herein giving little or no thought to the probable effects of their conduct. Defendants engaged in said neglect in reckless disregard of the probability that plaintiffs would suffer severe emotional distress as a result and knowing that plaintiffs were particularly vulnerable to emotional distress. Such conduct is outrageous in that it is of a type, kind and severity that would not be tolerated by reasonable members of the community.
- 33. By reason of the foregoing, plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett suffered severe emotional distress which continues to this time. Said plaintiffs are, therefore, entitled to an award of general damages in an amount according to proof.

Wherefore, plaintiffs pray for judgment against defendants as hereinbelow set forth.

Third Cause of Action Brought by Plaintiffs Carol Hargett
and Joseph Hargett Against Vitas Healthcare Corporation, Chemed,
A Corporation, and Does 1 through 10, inclusive for Negligent
Infliction of Emotional Distress (Direct Victim)

As And For A Further, Separate, Distinct and Third Count, plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett complain of defendants, Vitas Healthcare Corporation, Chemed, a Corporation,

and Does 1 through 10, Inclusive and for cause of action allege:

- 34. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate the allegations of the preceding causes of action into this, the Third Cause of Action, as though fully set out herein.
- 35. Defendant Vitas/Chemed at the outset of the agreement to provide hospice services to Michelle Hargett-Beebee represented directly to plaintiffs that said defendants would also provide advice, comfort and support to plaintiffs themselves as part of the services for which defendants would be paid. Said defendants further represented that they were competent, qualified and staffed so as to provide hospice, palliative care, and pain management equal to or exceeding the quality of other providers of such services. Plaintiffs did rely on such representations of defendants and did seek and receive certain advice, and counsel and assistance directly from said defendants. Thus, there existed a direct and special relationship between plaintiffs, on the one hand and defendants, Vitas/Chemed on the other.
- 36. Defendants so negligently failed to provide the aforementioned proper and appropriate care for Michelle Hargett-Beebee that such neglect caused severe emotional distress to plaintiffs, which emotional distress was legally foreseeable to defendants, and each of them, by virtue of the special relationship which existed between them and the plaintiffs.
- 37. By reason of the premises, plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett suffered severe emotional distress and are, therefore, entitled to an award of general damages in an amount according to proof.

Wherefore, plaintiffs pray for judgment against defendants as hereinbelow set forth.

Fourth Cause of Action Brought by Plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett Against All Defendants for Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress (Bystander)

As And For A Further, Separate, Distinct and Fourth Count, plaintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett complain of defendants, and each of them, and for cause of action allege:

38. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate the allegations of the preceding causes of action and make them a part of this, the Fourth Cause of Action, as through fully set out herein.

- 39. At all times herein mentioned, defendants, and each of them, knew that plaintiffs were daily caregivers to their daughter as she was dying from terminal cancer. Said defendants further knew that plaintiffs themselves were often the persons who were responsible for administering the pain medications prescribed to their daughter. Plaintiffs, in reliance on assurances and representations made by employees of defendants Vitas/Chemed that palliative care interventions were available that would ensure a peaceful death for their daughter, promised their daughter that all would be done to make sure that she would not die in pain.
- 40. While carrying out the instructions and orders for the care of their daughter which were issued by defendants, and each of them, plaintiffs contemporaneously witnessed their daughter experiencing severe pain and suffering with intense frequency during the 20 days of hospice care. Plaintiffs did not complain to defendants because they were assured by employees of defendants Vitas/Chemed that all that was possible for relief of pain and other distressing symptoms was being done for their daughter. Plaintiffs believed and relied on those representations, which were not true. Despite said reliance, as plaintiffs contemporaneously witnessed their daughter suffering severe pain on repeated days, they themselves suffered severe emotional distress as a result.
- 41. As Michelle Hargett-Beebee entered the active phase of dying, her pain began to escalate in severity and frequency. Her parents, plaintiffs herein, did all they could with the information they had been provided to keep their daughter pain free and free of other distressing symptoms. However, due to the inadequacy of the information they had been provided by defendants and the inadequacy of the pain management medications which had been prescribed, their daughter remained in severe and intolerable pain as she approached her death and remained acutely conscious and aware of that pain, as was clearly perceptible to her parents. As her parents realized that they could not give her the peaceful death they had promised and that defendants would not be providing further interventions to accomplish that goal, plaintiffs suffered profound emotional distress and agony. They continue to suffer

- 1					
1	emotional distress to this day as a result of the traumatic memory of their helplessness and				
2	inability to bring comfort to their daughter as they had promised her they would. The				
3	emotional distress suffered by plaintiffs is permanent.				
4	Wherefore plaintiffs pray for judgment against defendants as follows:				
5	(1) On the First Cause of Action:				
6	(a) general damages according to proof;				
7	(b) attorneys fees and costs;				
8	(c) punitive damages according to proof;				
9	(d) such other remedies and relief as the Court may deem just;				
10	(2) On the Second Cause of Action:				
11	(a) general damages according to proof;				
12	(b) punitive damages according to proof;				
13	(c) costs of suit herein incurred;				
14	(d) such other and further relief as the Court may deem just;				
15	(3) On the Third Cause of Action:				
16	(a) general damages according to proof;				
17	(b) costs of suit herein incurred;				
18	(c) such other and further relief as the Court may deem just;				
19	(4) On the Fourth Cause of Action				
20	(a) general damages according to proof;				
21	(b) costs of suit herein incurred;				
22	(c) such other and further relief as the Court may deem just.				
23					
24	Dated: Nw. 18 2010 James Geagan				
25	Attorney for Maintiffs Carol Hargett and Joseph Hargett				
26	rrangen and roseph Hangen				
27					

\		DE-140
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, state bar numbe		i i
	593 (707)996-2460	(ENDORSED)
SBN: 68922		
846 Broadway		
Sonoma, CA 95476		2010 NOV 12 AM 2: 15
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): CAROL K. HARGET	т	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COL		David #1 Maritiment of the control o
street address: 191 North First Street	JANIA CLARA	County of Space Change Count
MAILING ADDRESS: 191 North First Street		District Clean
CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Jose, CA 95113-1090	O	िक्त कर कर्मा
BRANCH NAME: Downtown Courthouse		
ESTATE OF (Name): MICHELLE RAGAI I	HARGETT BEEBEE	
Ex-Parte	DECEDENT	
ORDER FOR P	ROBATE	CASE NUMBER:
APPOINTING Administrator with	Will Anneyed	1-10-PR167981
Veneza read	Special Administrator	1-10-1 K10/701
Order Authorizing Independent Adm		
	imited authority	
WARNING: THIS APPOINTME		LETTERS HAVE ISSUED
I. Date of hearing: 11-12-10 Ex-Parte Time	Ex-Parte Dept./Room: 3	Judge: Thomas Hansen
THE COURT FINDS		
t. a. All notices required by law have been given.		•
b. Decedent died on <i>(date)</i> : December 7, 2 (1) x a resident of the California county		
	ft an estate in the county named above.	•
(2) a nonresident of California and letc. Decedent died	t an estate in the county hamed above.	
(1) intestate		
(2) X testate		
and decedent's will dated: November 5,	2009 and each codicil da	ated:
was admitted to probate by Minute Order	on (date):	
THE COURT ORDERS		
3. (Name): CAROL HARGETT		
is appointed personal representative:	d (www.	
a executor of the decedent's will	d. X special administrator	owere.
b. administrator with will annexed c. administrator	(1) with general po	owers owers as specified in Attachment 3d(2)
c administrator	(2) X with special po	•
		ire on (data) annogint mento & Toxentor
and letters shall issue on qualification.		Decomber 27, 2010
•	the estate under the Independent Admini	
		Administration of Estates Act (there is no
	•	grant an option to purchase real property or
* '	d by an encumbrance upon real property)	
. a. X Bond is not required.		
b. Bond is fixed at: \$	to be furnished by an authoriz	zed surety company or as otherwise
provided by law.		
c. Deposits of: \$	are ordered to be placed in a bl	ocked account at (specify institution and
location):	and a half has meeter with a set of the set	Additional and an in Assaultance of
	awals shall be made without a court order.	
parameters and the promoting		other property without a specific court order.
S. (Name):	is appointed probate re	France 1
Date: [[[12]]] 0	/\//	ww/
11110		JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
Number of pages attached: one	SIGNATURE FOLI	LOWS LAST ATTACHMENT
Form Approved by the	ORDER FOR PROBATE	Legal EXHABIO de, §§ 8 06, 8400
Judicial Council of California	·	Solutional

DE-140 [Rev. January 1, 1998] Mandatory Use [1/1/2000]

Solutions & Plus

Estate of MICHELLE RAGAI HARGETT BEEBEE Order for Special Administration Santa Clara Co. Sup. Ct. No. 1-10-PR167981

ATTACHMENT 3d(2) POWER OF SPECIAL ADMINISTRATOR

CAROL K. HARGETT, as Special Administrator herein, is granted the following:

1. The power to initiate a lawsuit in Alameda County Superior Court on behalf of Decedent's estate in connection with inadequate services provided by Defendants to said pending action.

				DE-150
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, sto Jar num (707)939	ber, and address): 9-9593 (70	ELEPHONE AND FAX NOS.: (7)996-2460	FOR COURT USE ONLY	
– JAMES GEAGAN, Esq.			1	.].
SBN: 68922	CERTI	FIFD	Miner I B. System Credia	
846 Broadway	_			
Sonoma, CA 95476	COF	Y		i.
		-	NOV 12 PH 2: 16	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): CAROL K. HARGET		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The state of the s	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COU	NTY OF SANTA	CLARA		ľ
STREET ADDRESS: 191 North First Street		Data -	A Secretary Secretary Secretary Count	
MAILING ADDRESS: 191 North First Street			DONG	
CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Jose, CA 95113-1		7/2	The same of the sa	
BRANCH NAME: Downtown Courthous	se		(Constant	
ESTATE OF (Name):			1	- 1
MICHELLE RAGAI H.	ARGETT BEERI	RF.		
Ex-Parte	MCODII DDDDI	DECEDENT		
LETTER	S	DEOLDEIVI	CASE NUMBER:	
TESTAMENTARY		INISTRATION	1-10-PR167981	
OF ADMINISTRATION WITH WILL ANN		L ADMINISTRATION	1-10-FK10/961	
	ILALD A COL	LADIMINIOTICATION		
LETTERS	vo havier-	1 PUBLIC	AFFIRMATION	
1. The last will of the decedent named about	_	1	ADMINISTRATOR: No affirmation	n required
been proved, the court appoints (name); .	(Prob. Co	ode, § 7621(c)).	
		o w hiphyipi	IAS a first from the second	
a executor.		4	JAL: I solemnly affirm that I will	•
b. administrator with will annexed.		duties of	personal representative accordin	g to law.
2. X The court appoints (name): CAROL	K. HARGETT		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		3. INSTITUT	ΓΙΟΝΑL FIDUCIARY <i>(name)</i> :	
 a. administrator of the decedent's 	estate.			
b. X special administrator of decede	nt's estate	l solemn	ly affirm that the institution will p	erform the
(1) X with the special power	s specified	duties of	personal representative accordin	g to law.
in the Order for Probat	e.	I make th	is affirmation for myself as an inc	lividual and
(2) with the powers of a go	eneral	on behalf	of the institution as an officer.	
administrator.		(Name ar	nd title):	
(3) X letters will expire on (a	late): December		•	
appointment of Everyter	27,2010			
3. The personal representative is authorized	ed to administer			
the estate under the Independent Admir				
Estates Act with full authorit	v .	4. Executed on (da	ate): November 12, 2010	
with limited authority (no authority		at (place): Lo		California.
court supervision, to (1) sell or exchange	• •	1	,	Jamorria.
or (2) grant an option to purchase real p				
borrow money with the loan secured by				
encumbrance upon real property).				*
chodinatanos apon toar proporty.			(SIGNATURE)	
4. The personal representative is not author	vrized to take	CAROL K. HA	RGETT	
4. The personal representative is not author possession of money or any other properties.			CERTIFICATION	
specific court order.	arty without a	والمنا والمعالمين		
specific court order.	•	i certify that this	document is a correct copy of the	e original on
			the letters issued the personal re	
WITNESS, clerk of the court, with seal of the cou	ırt affiyed		e have not been revoked, annullen full force and effect.	eu, or set
VELLINE OF THE COURT, WITH SEAL OF THE COL	ii t aiiixcu.	asiue, anu are still i	_	
(SEAL) Date: NOV 1	2 2010	(SEAL)	NOV 1 2 20	10
Date: NUV 1	_ LUIU		Date:	
TAY TO A STAND	DH. YAMASAKI	The state of the s	DAVID H.Y	
	Executive Officer/Clerk		Clerk, by Chief Execut	ive Officer/Cler
Chest	EXCULTAN OFFICE OFFICE			
	0 - 1-			
	WWW.		* KVILLOO	()
R. Delgado	OID		(DEPUTY)	
L. Deidado	-		R. Delgado	

Form Approved by the Judicial Council of California DE-150 [Rev. January 1, 1998] Mandatory Use [1/1/2000]

LETTERS (Probate) Legal Solutions ⊕ Plus Probate Code, §§ 1001, 8403, 8405, 8544, 8545; Code of Civil Procedure, § 2015.6